This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (July 2020).

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Product name SDS no. Formulation #	: Air Wick Pure Aerosol Trigger - Cherry Blossom : D8149038 : FF8140061
Supplier	: AUSTRALIA RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd 680 George St , Sydney, NSW 2000 Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000
	NEW ZEALAND RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna Auckland , New Zealand 0622 Tel: +64 9 484 1400
Poison Information contact:	: Australia - 13 11 26 New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON
<u>Uses</u>	
Product use	: Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays)

# 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: AEROSOLS - Category 1

### **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	: DANGER
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage Disposal	<ul> <li>Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>

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# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
n-butane	≥30 - ≤60	106-97-8
ethanol	≥30 - ≤60	64-17-5
propane	≥10 - ≤30	74-98-6
Dipropylene glycol (isomer unspecified)	≤3	25265-71-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### 4. First-aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>		
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing		
Skin contact	: No specific data.		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>
Hazchem code	: Not applicable

# 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spexplosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spill effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and colle combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or or and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminate material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: semergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal	Prevent entry into llages into an ct spillage with non- liatomaceous earth (see Section 13). ed absorbent ee Section 1 for
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spectrologic explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed water contractor.	r-soluble. al and place in an waste disposal
Methods and material for con		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, v and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has ca pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take no information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. Se information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without su Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotecte entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a larg containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage accordir instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in haz appropriate personal protective equipment.	d personnel from taken due to the ge number of ng to the h spilt material.

# 6. Accidental release measures

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Do not store above the following temperature	50 °C

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

Australia

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits
Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.
Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019).
TWA: 1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Oxygen Depletion
[Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.
DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). Absorbed
through skin.
PEAK: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form:
inhalable fraction
TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction

### Occupational exposure limits

D8149038			
8. Exposure controls/personal protection			
Ingredient name butane			Exposure limits NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
ethanol			NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours.
propane			NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New Zealand, 11/2020). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.	
Skin protection			
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Body protection	:	being performed and the before handling this pro- wear anti-static protect	uipment for the body should be selected based on the task ne risks involved and should be approved by a specialist oduct. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, ive clothing. For the greatest protection from static nould include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	:	selected based on the	nd any additional skin protection measures should be task being performed and the risks involved and should be st before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	appropriate standard o	nd potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the r certification. Respirators must be used according to a program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Fragrant.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: <34°C (<93.2°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: <0°C (<32°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Relative vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility(ies) Not available.	:
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Heat of combustion	: 37.97 kJ/g
Viscosity	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Dipropylene glycol (isomer unspecified)	LD50 Oral	Rat	14850 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 0.066666667	-
				minutes 100	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		mg 100 uL	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	Based on available data				
Eyes	Based on available data	, the classificat	tion criteria a	re not met.	
Respiratory	Based on available data	, the classificat	tion criteria a	re not met.	
Sensitisation					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	Based on available data	, the classificat	tion criteria a	re not met.	
Respiratory	Based on available data	, the classificat	tion criteria a	re not met.	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	, the classificat	tion criteria a	re not met.	
Carcinogenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	. the classificat	tion criteria a	re not met.	
Reproductive toxicity	000	,			
Not available.					
	Doood on available date	the eleccific -	lion oritoria	a nat mat	
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	i, the classificat	lion criteria al	e not met.	
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	Based on available data	, the classificat	tion criteria ai	re not met.	
Specific target organ toxici		-			
Not available.					
Specific target organ toxici					

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Date of issue

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes<br/>of exposure: Not available.Potential acute health effectsEye contact<br/>Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact<br/>Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	: No specific data.	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	

# Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects : Not available. Potential immediate : Not available. Potential immediate : Not available. Potential delayed effects : Not available. Potential immediate : Not available. Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

# 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethanol	Acute EC50 3306 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1074 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5680 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butane ethanol propane Dipropylene glycol (isomer unspecified)	2.89 -0.35 1.09 -0.462	- - 0.3 to 4.6	low low low low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# 14. Transport information

•				
	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2	2.1	2.1
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**Disposal methods** 

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# 14. Transport information

•				
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information		
ADG	:	<u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381
ADR/RID	:	<u>Limited quantity</u> 1 L <u>Special provisions</u> 190, 327, 625, 344 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D)
IMDG	:	Emergency schedules F-D, S-U Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
ΙΑΤΑ	:	<b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. <b>Special provisions</b> A145, A167, A802
Special precautions for user		<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

# 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons		
Not scheduled		
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AllC)	All components are listed or exempted.	
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	All components are listed or exempted.	
HSNO Group Standard	Aerosols (Flammable)	
HSNO Approval Number	HSR002515	
Approved Handler Requirement	No.	
Tracking Requirement	No.	

# 16. Other information

Date of issue	(Version for updated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template) : 26/05/2023 Page: 10/1
Version	: 3
Date of issue / Date of revision	: 26/05/2023
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods         ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of             Dangerous Goods by Road             RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods             by Rail             IATA = International Air Transport Association             IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods             GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals             IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container             SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons             UN = United Nations             SWA = Safe Work Australia             HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996</li></ul>

# **16.** Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

### Classification

**AEROSOLS - Category 1** 

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

**Justification** 

On basis of test data